## **CREEPING SALTBUSH** Atriplex semibaccata

**SHRUB** 









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**Alternative name:** Berry Saltbush.

Family: Chenopodiaceae.

**Description:** Prostrate perennial sub-shrub to 40 cm high. Male and female flowers in small clusters in the leaf axils. Grows scattered or in clumps. Flowers summer.

**Key features:** Leaves green to grey-green above, whitish below. Fruit 4–6 mm long, roughly diamond-shaped, sometimes red and succulent when fresh (see photo).

**Value:** Very palatable, especially when young. Low energy value and good crude protein. Leaves contain up to 25% salt, so supplements (grain, pasture or hay) and good quality drinking water are essential. Easily overgrazed if set-stocked.

Salinity and waterlogging tolerance: Moderate tolerance to salinity. Low tolerance to waterlogging.

**Notes:** Native to Australia and widespread in all mainland States. Individual plants are short-lived perennials. Seeds prolifically and these can be collected in late summer by shaking the plant.

**References:** Flora of South Australia, Jessop and Toelken (eds), Part 1, 4<sup>th</sup> edition 1986. Flora of Victoria, Walsh and Entwisle (eds), Vol. 3, 1996. Flora of NSW, Harden (ed), Vol. 1, 1990. Plants of

Western NSW, Cunningham et al., 1981. Forage Shrubs and Grasses for Revegetating Saltland, Runciman and Malcolm, WA Department of Agriculture Bulletin 4153, 1991.



